

## Helping Students Understand the Cost and Return on Investment of Higher Education

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# Helping Students Understand the Cost and Return on Investment of Higher Education

Presented by:

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# EDUCATION

### **Presentation Goals**

- Today's goal is to share resources to help students:
  - Research schools to find affordable options
  - Understand how to determine key factors related to return on investment (ROI)
  - Develop a strategy the piecemeal approach to pay for higher ed





## Research Schools From a Financial Aid Perspective

- Not only do school cost varying amounts they also vary dramatically in the types and amount of aid offered
- Broad categories of aid
  - Merit-based
  - Need-based





### **Need-based Aid**

- Need-based aid awarded based on:
  - Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)
    - Used by all schools to award federal and state need-based aid and by many schools to award school need-based grants
    - Becomes available on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year
  - CSS Profile
    - Used by some schools to award school need-based grants and other aid
- Each application has a formula that calculates an Expected Family Contribution (EFC)



## **Building a List of Schools**

## So, how is financial need calculated?

	Low-Cost School EFC = \$6,000	Mid-Cost School EFC = \$6,000	High-Cost School EFC = \$6,000
Annual Cost of Attendance	\$ 9,600	\$ 23,500	\$ 65,000
- EFC	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
= NEED	\$ 3,600	\$ 17,500	\$ 59,000



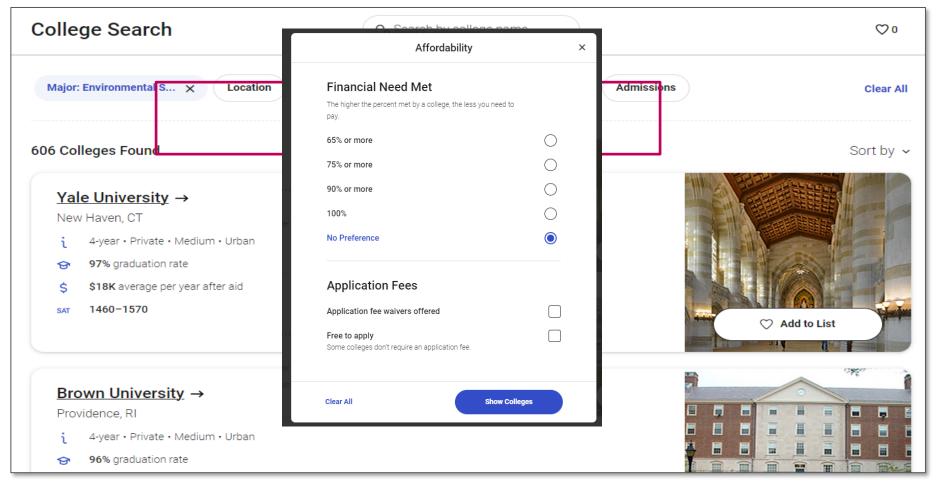


## How can students find schools that do a good job meeting need?

- Start by researching schools based on "percent of need met" to find schools that have strong financial aid offers
- Focus on Net Price not sticker price
  - Net Price is the amount a student pays for a single year
     AFTER subtracting grants and scholarships



## **Building a List of Schools**



https://bigfuture.collegeboard.org/college-search





## **Net Price Calculator (NPC)**

- Schools are required to have a NPC on their website (usually in the financial aid section)
- NPCs use school specific data to provide estimated net price based on a student's individual circumstances
- Let's look at NPC results for two schools using the same information (\$75,000)

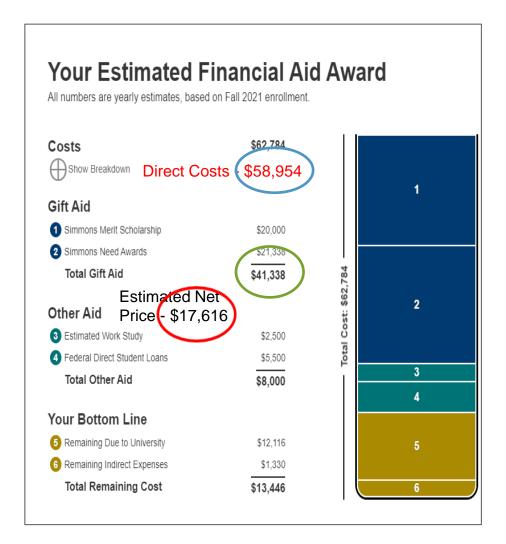


#### School A

Student Information	Academic Scores	Family Information	Parent Finances	Student Finances	Summary
Cost of	Costs - \$61,8 Attendance 3 is listed as	- ?	stimated Award	Low - Hig	h Range
(ψο 1, ο 1	Merit Scho	•	<b>\$19,000</b> \$18,000 - \$20,000		
	Need-Based	Grants	\$8,000	\$7,000	- \$9,000
Tota	al Scholarships &	Grants	\$27,000	\$25,000 \$29,000	
Your	Estimated Net	: Price	\$34,813	\$32,813	- \$36,813
Estimate	d Additional I	Funds			
	Wor	k Study	\$2,000		
	Direct Lo	oans 🕦	\$5,500		
	Total Additiona	l Funds	\$7,500		
Your Est	imated Rema	aining Cost	\$27,313		

## **Building a List of Schools**

#### School B





## **Building a List of Schools**

- Don't make the final decision based on NPC
- Merit aid can have a significant impact
  - Many of the "most selective" schools don't offer merit aid
  - "Very selective" and "selective" schools are often a good source of merit aid – worth considering for good students with limited financial need
  - If the estimated offer isn't sufficient, the student may want to consider adding additional schools to the list



## **Building a List of Schools**

- Encourage students to apply to multiple schools (four to six?)
- Families should try very hard to not to get their heart set on one specific school early in the process
- Important to have a financial aid "safety school" on the list

## **Return on Investment**



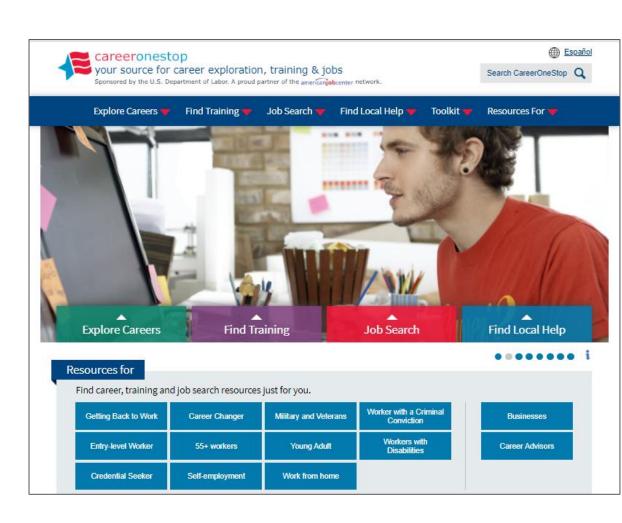
- Consider the Return on Investment (ROI)
- What are the future job openings in the student's desired field?
- What are the potential earnings and benefits?
- Are loans needed? If so, what is the potential total amount of loan debt?



## Where can you find this information?

- Start by visiting CareerOneStop
- https://www.careeronestop.org/
- Research:
  - Industries and job openings
  - Salaries
  - Skills and assessments
  - Resources based on characteristics

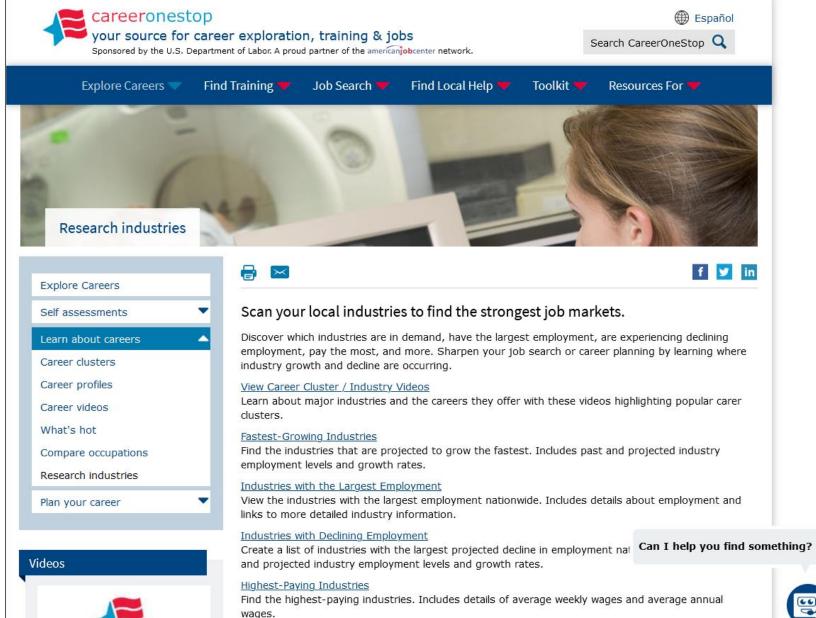
## Researching Return on Investment (ROI)





## Find the Strongest Job Markets

- View Career Clusters
- Fastest-Growing Industries
- Industries with the Largest Employment
- Industries with Declining Employment
- Highest-Paying Industries





#### Registered Nurses

#### Description: what do they do?

Assess patient health problems and needs, develop and implement nursing care plans, and maintain medical records. Administer nursing care to ill, injured, convalescent, or disabled patients. May advise patients on health maintenance and disease prevention or provide case management. Licensing or registration required.

#### Also known as:

Certified Operating Room Nurse (CNOR), Charge Nurse, Emergency Department RN (Emergency Department Registered Nurse), Oncology RN (Oncology Registered Nurse), Operating Room Registered Nurse (OR RN), Psychiatric RN (Psychiatric Registered Nurse), Relief Charge Nurse, School Nurse, Staff Nurse, Staff RN (Staff Registered Nurse)



#### Career video





#### Outlook: will there be jobs?



New job opportunities are very likely in the future.

This occupation is:

· Projected to have a large number of job openings

Find job openings



Typical wages

Hourly Wages

#### **Projected employment**

View transcript

#### United States

3,080,100 2020 Employment

3.356.800 2030 Employment

9% Percent change

194,500 Annual projected job openings

Compare projected employment



Michigan

Georgia

Washington

### **Industries and Job Openings**

#### Projected Employment for Registered Nurses in UNITED STATES

View Table : View Chart : View Map					
National	Employ 2020	Employment		Projected Annual Job Openings*	
United States	3,080,100	3,356,800	9%	194,500	
Officed States	3,000,100	3,336,600	370	154,500	
State	Emplo	Employment		Projected Annual Job	
	2018	2028		Openings*	
<u>California</u>	319,800	373,200	+17%	23,850	
New York	199,870	249,100	+25%	16,910	
<u>Texas</u>	216,120	252,330	+17%	16,130	
<u>Florida</u>	189,820	220,350	+16%	14,000	
<u>Pennsylvania</u>	151,750	170,720	+13%	10,510	
Illinois	133,930	150,590	+12%	9,260	
<u>Ohio</u>	127,430	139,680	+10%	8,360	
North Carolina	104,690	115,960	+11%	7,020	

110,460

94,880

70,240

+10%

+23%

+21%

100,580

77,460

58,300

6,620

6,340

5,820



Maine – down by 7%

#### **Pharmacists**

#### Description: what do they do?

Dispense drugs prescribed by physicians and other health practitioners and provide information to patients about medications and their use. May advise physicians and other health practitioners on the selection, dosage, interactions, and side effects of medications.

#### Also known as:

Clinical Pharmacist, Hospital Pharmacist, Pharmacist, Pharmacist in Charge (PIC), Pharmacy Informaticist, Registered Pharmacist, Staff Pharmacist



#### Outlook: will there be jobs?



New job opportunities are less likely in the future.

Find job openings



Typical wages

Hourly Wages

#### Career video



View transcript



#### **Projected employment**

United States	
322,200	
2020 Employment	
315,300	
2030 Employment	
-2%	
Percent change	
11,500	
Annual projected job openings	

## **Industries and Job Openings**

ew National Data			View Table	: <u>View Chart</u> : <u>View I</u>
National	Emplo	Employment		Projected Annual Job
	2020	2030		Openings*
United States	322,200	315,300	-2%	11,300
State	Empl	oyment	Percent Change	Projected Annual
	2018	2028	Change	Job Openings*
California	33,300	35,300	+6%	1,740
<u>Texas</u>	21,430	23,660	+10%	1,240
Florida	20,840	21,300	+2%	990
<u>New York</u>	20,930	20,590	-2%	900
Pennsylvania	14,670	14,630	-0%	660
Georgia	10,460	11,730	+12%	630
Ohio	12,400	12,220	-2%	540
Illinois	12,320	11,720	-5%	480
North Carolina	10,020	10,110	+1%	460
<u>Washington</u>	6,540	7,120	+9%	420
New Jersey	9,540	9,270	-3%	400



### Search based on:

- Percent change High to Low
- Percent change low to high
- Earnings High to Low
- Earnings Low to High
- 2020 Employment High to Low
- 2020 Employment Low to High
- 2030 Employment High to Low
- 2030 Employment Low to High
- Typical Education High to Low
- Typical Education Low to High
- Occupation A to Z
- Occupation Z to A

These are the industries that are projected to grow the fastest from 2020 to 2030. Select any industry to see a full report on the industry from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

We found 214 growing industries in United States.

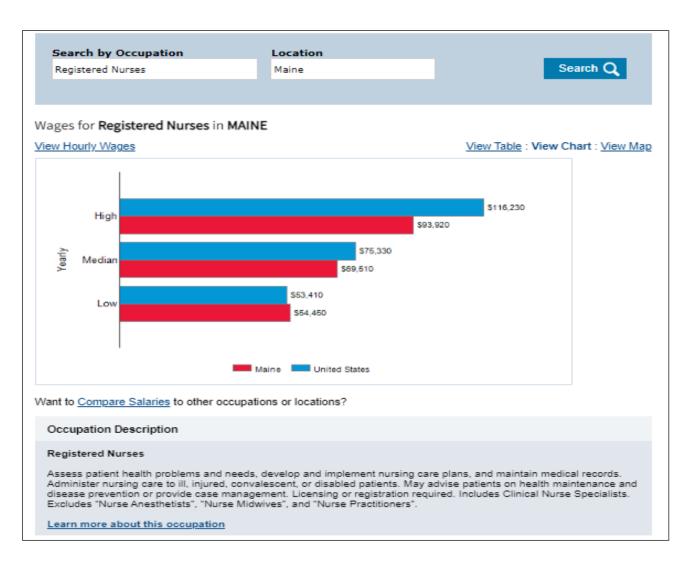
		So	rt by: Industry: A to	Z ▼	
		Employment			
Rank	Industry	2020	2030	Percent Change	
177	Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	995,800	1,025,200	3%	
112	Advertising and Related Services	450,500	487,000	8%	
8	Agents and Managers for Public Figures	22,000	34,800	58%	
22	Agriculture & Forestry Support Activity	103,900	143,300	38%	
26	All Other Ambulatory Health Care Svc	137,600	186,900	36%	
79	Ambulance Services	168,400	189,500	13%	
7	Amusement Parks and Arcades	156,100	250,000	60%	
113	Animal Food Manufacturing	66,100	71,300	8%	
178	Animal Slaughtering and Processing	538,500	556,000	3%	
191	Apparel/Piece Goods Merchant Wholesalers	130,200	133,000	2%	
10 🔻	Per Page		1 2 3	4 5 22	



### **Registered Nurse**

- United States wages vs.
   Maine
- Low, median, and high

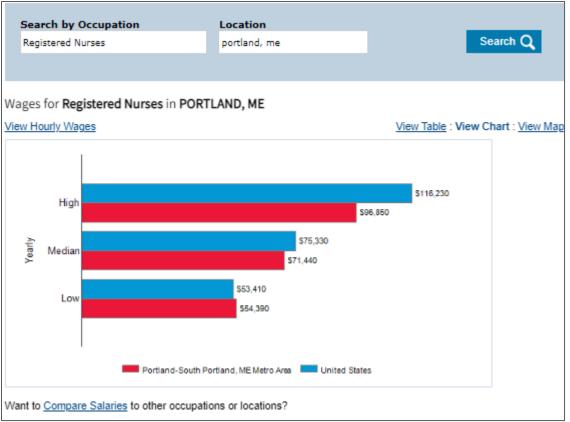
## **Potential Earnings**





## Registered Nurse – Bangor vs. Portland



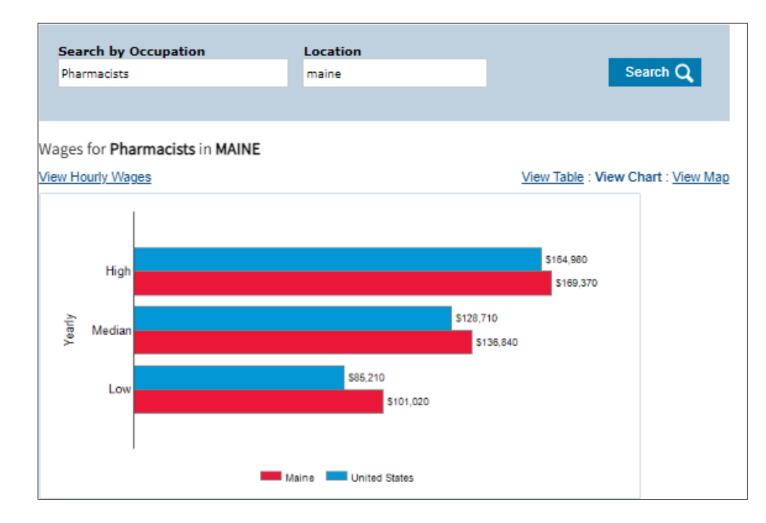




### **Pharmacist**

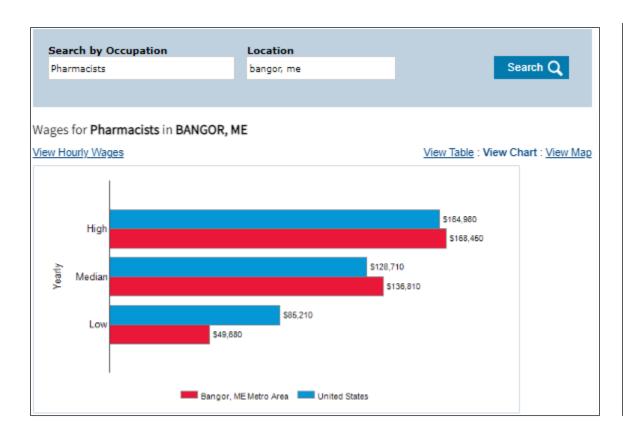
- United States wages vs.
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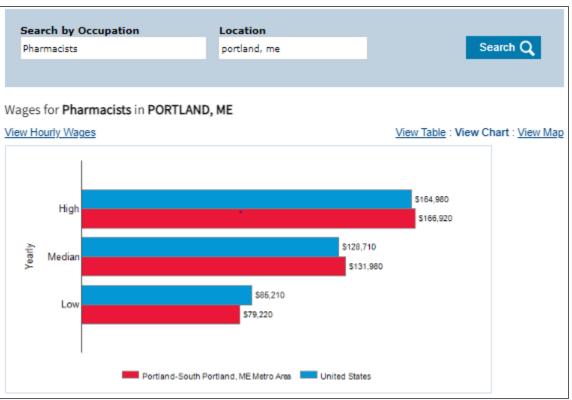
## **Potential Earnings**





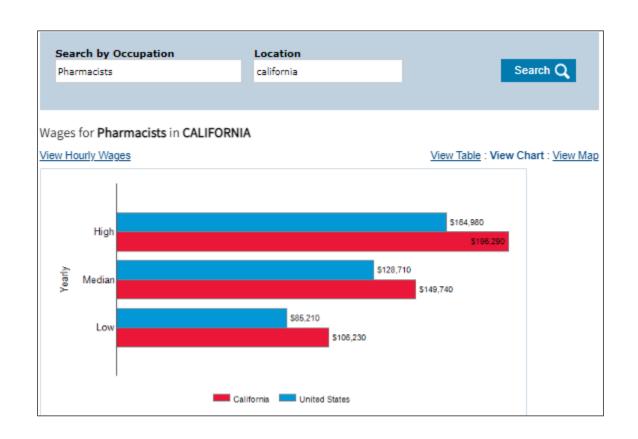
## Pharmacist – Bangor vs. Portland

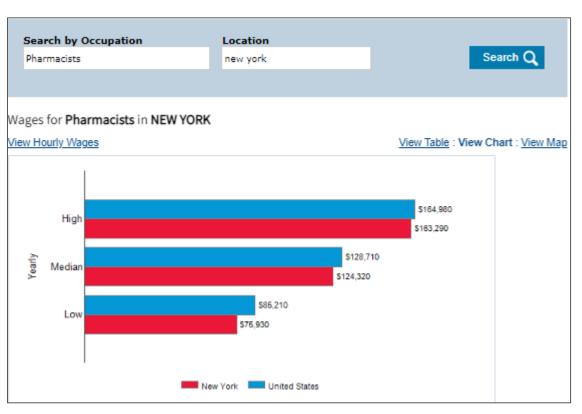






## Pharmacist - California vs. New York







### **Avoid the Disconnect!**

FAMEmaine.com/affording-education/pay-for-school/resources-tools/calculators/student-loan-salary-calculator/

#### Student Loan/Salary Calculator Visit CareerOneStop.org to get an estimate of your annual salary. Once you have that, use the calculator below to calculate the maximum amount of student loan debt that is reasonable for your circumstances. Interest rate: (years) Repayment Period: How much should I expect in What salary would I need to support this student loans? debt? Expected salary: Current Debt: 0 55000 Future Borrowing Needs: 0 Annual It is recommended that you should borrow no more than \$34,569.83

Student Loan/Salary Calculator					
Visit <u>CareerOneStop.org</u> to get an estimate of your annual salary. Once you have that, use the calculator below to calculate the maximum amount of student loan debt that is reasonable for your circumstances.					
Interest rate: Repayment Period:	6 % 10 (years)				
How much should I expect in student loans?  Expected salary:  O  Hourly	What salary would I need to support this debt?  Current Debt: 100000  Future Borrowing Needs: 0				
	Your estimated monthly payments to service \$100,000.00 of debt would be \$1,110.21 per month. To support repayment of this debt, you should earn at least \$81.63 Hourly, \$13,877.56 Monthly, or \$166,530.75 Annually				

Salary of \$55,000
Recommend borrowing no more than \$34,670
~ \$8,400 per year



## **Cost of Living Calculator**

- Salary.com https://www.salary.com/research /cost-of-living
- Compare current locations to new location
- Compare major cities
- Compare locations within one state

## **Cost of Living Matters Too!**

Cost of Living Cal	culator		
and salary differentials of over 30 city of your dreams!	0+ US cities to give you a comparison of o	costs and salary. Let us help you ma	cost of living in a new location. We use the Consumer Price Index (CPI) ake an informed decision about what it will cost to live and work in the ost of living in your location by visiting Minimum Wage Values in the United
YOUR CURRENT TITLE	YOUR CURRENT SALARY		
🖻 Enter a job title or keyword	Enter your current sala	ary	
PRESENT LOCATION (WORK)	NEW LOCATION (WORK)		
⊕ Enter a city or zip code	⊕ Enter a city or zip co	Calculate	
Cost of Living Index in Major (200.00% 186.08% 150.00% 100.00%	111.58% 114.98%	180.42%	97,24%
50.00%			
0.00% San Francisco, Washii CA D		Boston, MA New York, NY	Dallas, TX
	indexes across major US Cities compare rs. New York City consistently ranks #1 as		ulations are based on the total cost of energy, food, healthcare, housing and
Alabama	Alaska	Arizona	Arkansas
California	Colorado	Connecticut	Delaware
District of Columbia	Florida	Georgia	Hawaii



## **Make Borrowing More Relatable**

- On the surface, borrowing \$50,000 vs \$80,000 may not see like that big of a difference. It is a lot either way!
- However, knowing what income is required to support that debt is \$80,000 vs \$127,000 is needed may mean more.
- Or, share the rule of thumb that each \$10,000 borrowed equates to a little more than \$100 per month payment (at 4% interest rate) for 10 years. That is a monthly payment of \$506 vs \$809.



## **Ways to Minimize Debt**

### Use the piecemeal approach!

- Need-based Financial Aid attend a school that offers generous needbased aid — particularly important for lower income students
- Merit-based Scholarships attend a school that offers merit based particularly important for middle/upper income students who are academically strong
- Outside Scholarships start local and work outward
- Student Savings summer and gifts
- Parent Savings start early, but it's never too late
- Tuition Payment Plan free up money in the budget to make monthly payments
- Reduce College-Related Expenses housing, transportation, and books
- Federal Student Loans
- Other Loans only as a last resort





## **Debunking the Myth - Savings**

- Debunk the myth about the negative impact of saving on financial aid!
  - Most families who earn less than \$50,000 per year don't have to provide any asset information on the FAFSA.
  - When asset information is required, many common assets are excluded including personal possessions, primary residence, retirement, and small family-owned businesses.
  - Even when required to be listed, the impact of assets is minimal.



## "Expected Family Contribution 2022-23" – Income vs. Assets

	Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C	Scenario D
Income	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
"Countable" Assets/Saving	<b>\$0</b>	\$10,000	\$25,000	\$50,000
Expected contribution from income	6,156	6,156	6,156	6,156
Expected contribution from assets	0	240	852	1,910
Total Expected Parent Contribution	6,156	6,396	7,008	8,066





- Encourage students to create scenarios where they have as many options as possible
- Often there are multiple pathways and schools where students can achieve their goals
- Living on the "cheap" and making financial sacrifices while in school will allow for more financial freedom later in life
- Financing plans need to cover multiple years, and often, multiple children



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